

Description

The Model 437 is a self contained, DC powered signal conditioner for bridge type instrumentation. It contains a precision differential amplifier with filtered output and a highly regulated, low noise, adjustable output bridge excitation source. What sets the 437 apart is a Bridge Balance pot and high gain capability to accurately condition load cell weighing systems with large tare offsets and small live load signals. The unit is completely encapsulated for use in rugged environments.

Model 437 Bridgesensor

Features

- Complete Strain Gage Bridge Signal Conditioner
- 4-20 mA or 0-20 mA Output
- Output Capable of Driving 1000 ohm Loop
- Bridge Balance with 68% Tare Offset Capability
- High Gain Amplifier; Can Accept Live Load Signals as Low as 3 mV and Provide 16 mA Output Span
- Sufficient Excitation Current for Five Load Cells
- Powered by 10 to 36 VDC Unregulated
- Rugged Epoxy Encapsulated Design

Applications

- Weighing with Load Cells
- Process Control Add-on Loops



2401 Stanwell Drive · Concord, California 94520 · Ph: 925/687-4411 or 800/542-3355 · Fax: 925/687-3333 · www.calex.com · Email: sales@calex.com 4/2001

Specifications

Dutput Current Span4 to 20 mA; 0 to 20 mA				
Input for 16 mA Span	3 mV to 62 mV			
Zero Adjust	12 mA			
Temperature Coefficient	1 microamp/°C typical			
0° to 55°C	4 microamp/°C maximium			
Hysteresis	50 microamp maximum			
Amplifier				
Cell Sensitivity (10 Volts Excitation)	0.3 mV/V to 6.2 mV/V			
Linearity	0.005% typical			
Temperature Stability	50 ppm/°C			
Hysteresis	0.1% of span maximum			
Input Bias Current	150 pA maximum			
Input Noise: DC to 10 Hz	4 microvolts P-P maximum			
Common Mode Input	0 to +7.5 Volts			
Common Mode Rejection DC to 60 Hz	90 dB minimum			
Output				
Current	0 to 20 mA			
Loop Resistance	0 to 1000 ohm			
Compliance	20 Volts maximum			
Frequency Response	10 Hertz, 2 Pole Filter			
Response Time to 0.1%	90 ms typical			
Bridge Excitation Supply				
Adjustment Range	5 to 15 Volts			
Load Current	150 mA maximum			
Stability	100 ppm/°C maximum			
Hysteresis	0.1%			
Bridge Balance Adjust- (Tare Weight)				
With 350 ohm Load Cell 3mV/V Sensitivity	±68% of Full Scale			
Power Requirements				
Input power supply is DC isolated from the amplifier and is reverse polarity protected.				
Input Voltage	10 to 36 Volts DC			
Input Current				
vith 150mA B+ load 0.17A @ 36V to 0.7A @ 1				
120 Hortz Pipple allowed	U.1A @ 36V to 0.35A @ 10V			
on input supply	2 Volts above 12 Volts input			
Isolation	700 Volts DC & .0033 mF			

NOTE: Specifications apply 0°C to 55°C and 10 to 36 Volts DC input.

Model 437 Bridgesensor

Getting Started with the Model 437

This procedure is for large tare weights, i.e. greater than about 10% of the cell's full scale rating.

I. Hook Up Procedure

- **A.** Connect the + out of your load cell to the + INPUT, pin 10.
- **B.** Connect the out of your load cell to the INPUT, pin 9.
- Note: If the ±SENSE are not used in your application, the connections in step C & D need to be followed. If the ± SENSE are going to be used, do not jumper them as described in steps C & D.
 - C. Connect +Excitation, pin 6, to the + excitation of your load cell and jumper the + SENSE, pin 5, to +Excitation, pin 6.
 - D. Connect -Excitation, pin 4, to the excitation of your load cell and jumper the - SENSE, pin 3, to -Excitation, pin 4.
 - **E.** Determine the voltage of the power supply to be used and adjust within the 10 to 36 volt range if necessary before connecting to the power pins, 1 and 2.
 - F. Verify that the hook up procedure is complete.
 - **G.** Turn on the power supply and check the bridge excitation supply.

II. Calibration Procedure

- A. Set the GAIN SWITCH position 1 ON and all others OFF.
- B. Short the signal input pins 9 and 10 together with a clip lead. Adjust the COARSE and FINE OFFSET pots, C and B, for zero or 4 mA output current.
- Note: Some PLC models do not accept negative inputs. The maximum negative current is 1 mA.
 - **C.** Remove the short between the signal input pins, 9 and 10. Adjust the BRIDGE BALANCE pot for zero or 4 mA output current.
 - D. Set the GAIN SWITCH to the expected load cell output.
 - E. Adjust the BRIDGE BALANCE pot for zero or 4 mA output current.
 - F. Apply the live load to the cell and adjust the GAIN, pot D, for the desired output current.
 - **G.** Remove live load and use the COARSE and FINE OFFSET pots to set the zero or 4 mA output current.
 - H. Repeat steps E. to G. until the desired settings are obtained.

Model 437 Bridgesensor

Amplifier

The built-in amplifier is a true differential input, low noise, low drift, instrumentation amplifier. It has a high common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) and is provided with an output offset that is potentiometer adjustable. The output offset pots adjust the output zero current up to 12 mA. The zero current can also be adjusted for 0 to 20 mA output. The instrumentation amplifier has a gain DIP switch which changes the gain by factors of two and a gain potentiometer for fine adjustments.

The amplifier accepts input signals of 3 mV to 62 mV. The amplifier can withstand input voltages up to 15 Volts without damage. The output of the amplifier is filtered to be 3 dB down at 10 Hz using a double pole Butterworth filter to minimize the effects of high frequency electrical and physical noise on the system.

The Model 437 has a Bridge Balance pot which is connected internally to the amplifier - INPUT.



MODEL 437 POWER INPUT

Transducer Excitation

Transducer excitation is provided by an adjustable, well regulated, low noise power supply. The excitation voltage is adjustable by means of a molded-in potentiometer which allows the output voltage to be varied from 5 to 15 Volts. It is capable of supplying up to 150 mA to easily drive five 350 ohm load cells at 10 Volts.

The +Excitation supply has remote sensing provisions for 6 wire configurations. The sense lines minimize variations in output voltage with changes in load current or lead resistance. The supply output, +Excitation, may be connected through a 300 ohm safety barrier and the sense lines will regulate the voltage across a 350 ohm bridge between 5 and 8 volts.

The supply has short circuit protection to protect it against short term faults. The output recovers automatically from short circuit conditions once the short is removed.

Bridge Balance

The Bridge Balance pot provides up to 68% of full scale tare weight adjustment when using a 350 ohm, 3 mV/V load cell. The 437 can then be adjusted to provide full span output with only about 10% of the cell's range.

Model 437 Gain Switch

ONLY ONE SWITCH ON

FOR EXPECTED TRANSDUCER FULL SCALE OUTPUT



437 GAIN SWITCH

Bridge Output Signal for:

	<u>0 to 20 mA</u>	<u>4 to 20 mA</u>
Gain Switch		
Position "ON":		
1	50mV to 62.5mV	40mV to 50mV
2	25mV to 50 mV	20mV to 40mV
3	12.5mV to 25mV	10mV to 20mV
4	6.25mV to 12.5mV	5mV to 10mV
5	3.125mV to 6.25mV	2.5mV to 5mV

Mechanical Specifications



SIDE VIEW

Terminal Strip Assignments					
Screw Terminal	Function	Screw Terminal	Function		
1	+DC POWER	6	+EXCITION		
2	-DC POWER	7	CURRENT OUTPUT		
3	-SENSE	8	AMPLIFIER CMN		
4	-EXCITATION	9	-INPUT		
5	+SENSE	10	+INPUT		